Parameters of percolation models

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Model

Definition

- ► Take \mathbb{T}_N^d (as a CW-complex)
- Write an iid. U([0, 1]) random number to each *i*-dimensional cell
- Fix a p ∈ [0, 1] and take the *i*-cells which has a number less than p.
- Now we have a filtration P_p of sk_iT^d_N parametrized by p ∈ [0, 1].
- Let $\phi_{P_*}: H_i(P_p; \mathbb{Z}_2) \to H_i(\mathbb{T}_N^d; \mathbb{Z}_2)$ the induced homomorphism.

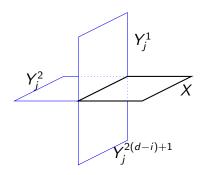
Questions

- For which p will be ϕ_{p_*} non-trivial/surjective/etc.?
- Can we effectively calculate ϕ_* ?
- What happens with H_1 ?
- At the critical regime how the appearance of the different generator correlates?

Simplification

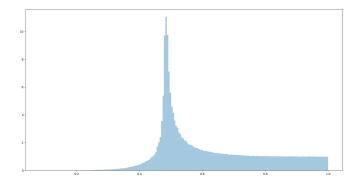
Idea: remove (delay the appearance of) the *i*-cells which cannot be in a cycle ie. has an unclosed boundary-component.

$$\max\{p(X), \max_{j=1}^{2i} \min_{k=1}^{2(d-i)+1} p(Y_j^k)\}$$



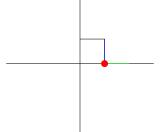
Simplification

Distribution of appearance times after the modification:



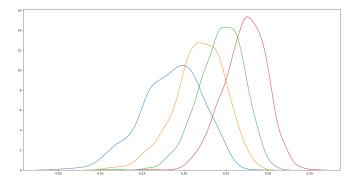
Simplification

Without case analisys we cannot go further.



Induced map on H_1

Time of the appearance of the generators (N = 4, i = 2).



Tubes and membranes

Correlation of the appearance of the generators (N = 4, i = 2).

/ 1	.0432	.0448	.0427
.0432	1	.0226	.0501
.0448	.0226	1	.0472
.0427			1 /

Further questions

- With the modification of the filtration the independence of the appearance times no longer holds. But how strong the correlation deacay remains?
- There is a 'peak' in the density function of the new distribution at the critical probability. Is this true for other initial parameters as well?
- At low values of p, there are balls and tubes. Then membranes starts to appear. How these tubes relates to each other? And the membranes?